

# Mechanism for Monitoring for Cessation of Temporally Inverse Neural Telemetry to Augment Tactical Survivability

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## **Introduction**

In combat situations, the decision to turn left or right can be one of life or death. In a firefight, there is no way to know the path of an incoming bullet yet to be fired. These sorts of decisions can not only determine the fate of individual combatants, but can determine the outcome of entire missions.

## **Abstract**

Building upon capabilities focused upon extracting detailed and useful information concerning remote places and times, a unique capability made possible through a neural implant may, by assessing the simple presence of or absence of certain neural telemetry, provide useful feedback to operators engaged in combat operations; particular in the context of special operations.

Beginning from the assumption that any given individual mind is constantly providing temporally inverse telemetry, it stands to reason that if the neurological tissue underpinning this process were to expire, that the telemetry would cease. Therefore, if a miniature piece of hardware affixed to an area either within or near the brain were capable of detecting and analyzing this telemetry (neutrino-based, ultimately, but discernible through careful analysis of neural activity,) this piece of hardware could be used in order to inform an individual operator of danger.

If a danger signal is received, the operator would, ideally, change their position or their intended route in order to get out of the danger condition, indicated by the sudden absence of sequentially inverse visual logic.

The technical capacity to convert analog neural signals into structured digital images already exists. However, in precognition, the same sort of visual information is relayed to the mind in a sequentially inverse manner. It is this inverse sequence which could allow for a computer system to differentiate between normal visual data associated with the occipital lobe and precognition-associated visual data. Both ordinary visual data and precognitive data should be present at all times, but a total absence of the sequentially inverse type of data could indicate that an operator is to meet an untimely end.

## **Conclusion**

By exploiting this special type of intelligence, the survivability of individual operators can be greatly enhanced.